## Casa Omar Connect-the-Dots

State the anti-derivative. Connect the answer dots in order.

$$1. \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos(x) dx$$

$$2. \int_0^{\pi} \sin(x) dx$$

$$3. - \int_0^{2\pi} \cos(x) dx$$

4. 
$$\int_0^4 x^2 dx$$

5. 
$$\int_{-4}^{4} x^2 dx$$

6. 
$$\int_{-4}^{4} 35x^7 dx$$

7. 
$$\int_{a}^{b} (x+4) dx$$

8. 
$$\int_a^b 4x dx$$

$$10. \int_{1}^{2} 4x dx$$

11. 
$$\int_{0}^{1} 4x dx$$

12. 
$$\int_0^4 \sqrt{x} dx$$

13. 
$$\frac{5}{2} \int_{1}^{4} x \sqrt{x} dx$$

14. 
$$\int_{a}^{b} 4x^{3} dx$$

15. 
$$\int_{h}^{a} 4x^{3} dx$$

$$16. \int 4x^3 dx$$

$$\frac{2\sin(3)}{\cos^2(m)} \frac{a^2}{-\cos(m)+c}$$

$$sin(a)+c$$
 9 16/3 10  $-8$   $cos(m)+c$   $-sin^2(a)$   $-cos(a)+c$   $a^4-b^4$   $x^4+c$  7/2  $sin(m)+c$   $-sin^2(a)$   $-sin(m)$   $-cos(m)$ 

$$1 \frac{b^2 - a^2}{2} + 4(b-a)$$

1 
$$\frac{b^2-a^2}{2}$$
 + 4(b-a)  $\frac{-\cos^2(m)}{\cos(m)} \frac{\sin(b)-\cos(b)+1}{\frac{x^2}{2}} \cos(b)$   
•  $-\sin^2(m)$ 

17. 
$$-\int_{b}^{0} 4x^{3} dx$$

$$18. \int_a^0 4x^3 dx$$

19. 
$$\int_0^1 10 dx$$

20. 
$$\int_{3}^{4} x dx$$

21. 
$$\int_{0}^{9} 2\sqrt{x} dx$$

22. 
$$\int_{-2}^{14} dx$$

23. 
$$\int_0^x ada$$

24. 
$$\int_{0}^{a} a dx$$

25. 
$$\int_0^1 2\sin(3) dx$$

26. 
$$\int (4x^3 - 6x^2)dx$$

27. 
$$\frac{4}{5} \int_0^c (x-2) dx$$

$$28. \int_{-3}^{3} \cos(x) dx$$

29. 
$$\int_{-1}^{8} \frac{4\sqrt[3]{x}}{3} dx$$

$$30. \int_0^b (\sin(x) + \cos(x)) dx$$

31. 
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(x) dx$$

32. 
$$\int \sin(a)da$$

33. 
$$-\int \cos(a)da$$

34. 
$$-\int \sin(a)da$$

35. 
$$\int \cos(a)da$$

36. 
$$\int \cos(a)da \, da, \text{ where } c_1 = 0$$

37. 
$$\int \sin(m)dm$$

39. 
$$-\int \sin(m)dm$$

40. 
$$\int \cos(m)dm$$

41. 
$$\int \cos(m)dm \, dm, \text{ where } c_1 = 0$$